

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	IO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/624,168	10/624,168 07/21/2003		Haruhiro Watanabe	MM0721US (#9032	6365
28672	7590	09/08/2005		EXAMINER	
D. PETER HOCHBERG CO. L.P.A. 1940 EAST 6TH STREET				LOWE, MICHAEL S	
CLEVELAND, OH 44114				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3652	

DATE MAILED: 09/08/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Priority

Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority based on an application filed in Japan on 7/22/02. It is noted, however, that applicant has not filed a certified copy of the Japanese application as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b).

Drawings

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the "transfer of an article from between the article supporting body and the article handling section" (claim 1) must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filling date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New

Art Unit: 3652

Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

It is unclear what "at least partially in a synchronized manner" means. Either it is synchronized or not.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brudi (US 3,757,977) in view of Derby (US 6,394,736).

Re claims 1-3, Brudi teaches an apparatus T and its inherent associated method of transferring articles P to and from an article handling section (not numbered), using a

said method comprising the steps of:

self-propelled carriage T capable of traveling along a fixed path, the carriage comprising a movable body 50(70,80) moveable in a longitudinal direction with respect to a carriage body, a turnable body 30 capable of turning about a vertical axis with respect to the movable body, and an article supporting body 70,80 disposed over the turnable body,

halting the self-propelled carriage T alongside the article handling section; performing initial turning of the turnable body 30 about the vertical axis so as to cause a front end of the article supporting body 70,80 to face the article handling section;

moving the movable body 50 whilst turning the turnable body 30 about the vertical axis, so that the front end of the article supporting body is positioned substantially right at a lateral side of the carriage body so as to face the article handling section;

performing a transfer of an article P between the article supporting body 70,80 and the article handling section; and causing the article supporting body to perform a reverse operation returning the article supporting body over the turnable body.

Brudi is capable of moving the movable body and turntable body at the same time but does not discuss doing simultaneous movement. Derby teaches (column 6, lines 60-67 thru column 7, lines 1-2) simultaneous translation and rotation in order to simplify a process. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the

Application/Control Number: 10/624,168

Art Unit: 3652

time the invention was made to have modified Brudi by Derby to have simultaneous translation and rotation in order to simplify and speed up the movement process.

Re claim 4, Brudi teaches a cover member 22 (10,etc.) for covering the article supporting body is located on top of the carriage body such that at least a portion of said carriage body is turnable in unison with the turnable body.

Re claims 5,6, Brudi teaches the article supporting body 70,80 is a fork device extendable and retractable in forward and backward directions.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Rohm (US 5,599,155) teaches simultaneous movement.

Loef (US 3,190,473) teaches moveable carriage, turntable & forks.

Zane (US 3,643,825) teaches moveable carriage, turntable & forks.

Finlayson (US 4,128,183) teaches moveable carriage, turntable & forks.

Sears (US 5,653,569) teaches moveable carriage, turntable & forks.

Miles (US 3,850,322) teaches moveable carriage, turntable & forks.

Halsall (US 4,309,758) teaches an autoguided vehicle.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Scott Lowe whose telephone number is (571) 272-6929. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30am-4:30pm M-Th.

Art Unit: 3652

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eileen Lillis can be reached on (571) 272-6607. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

msl